



Dr. Bim Dey [Signature] - 9946 723829  
**LOURDES HOSPITAL**  
**RADIOLOGY & IMAGING CENTRE**

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**ULTRA SOUND SCAN REPORT**

Patient Name : Dr. Suchetha 62/F  
Referring Doctor : Dr. Ithamma Antony  
Date of scan : 29-02-2012  
Hosp. No. : 912222

*Radiologists :*  
**DR. GEORGE JOSEPH M.D., D.M.R.D.**  
**DR. ANUSHA VARGHESE M.D.**  
**DR. AMITA DESHMUKH MBBS, DMRD.**  
**DR. AMBILY CHANDRAN M.D., FRCR.**

**ULTRASOUND STUDY OF WHOLE ABDOMEN**

**Liver** Span 17.6cm, diffuse increase in echotexture. No focal lesions are seen in the liver. No IHBR dilatation. Portal vein is normal in course, caliber and outline.

**Gall Bladder** is normal in outline distension and caliber. Wall thickness is normal. No calculi. No pericholecystic fluid noted.

**CBD** is normal in course, caliber and outline.

**Pancreas** Is normal in size, shape and parenchymal echotexture; with no duct dilatation or calcifications. Peripancreatic fat is normal.

**Spleen** Normal with no focal lesions.

**Right kidney** : Measures 10.2 x 3.8cm, evidence of heterogenous well defined mass measuring 4.1 x 4.5cm noted at lower pole. No significant vascularity on doppler. Another similar exophytic mass measuring 3.3 x 5.2cm noted at lower pole.

**Left kidney** : Measures 11.1 x 4.3cm is normal in size, shape and position with smooth regular outline. Cortical echoes normal. Corticomedullary differentiation well maintained. Pelvic caliceal system normal. No calculi / hydronephrosis is seen.

**Urinary Bladder** is normal in distension, caliber and outline. No focal lesions. No calculi.

**Uterus** Measures 8.2 x 3.6cm, anterior wall fibroid measuring 1.7 x 1.7cm noted. Endometrium is thickened up to 6.2mm.

**Ovaries** Both ovaries obscured.

**Aorta** Is normal in calibre.

**Para aortic** region is normal.

There is no ascites / pleural effusion.

**IMPRESSION:**

- Well defined heterogenous echotexture mass lesions at lower pole of right kidney.  
Needs further characterisation by CECT Abdomen and Histopathologic correlation.
- Anterior wall uterine fibroid.

[Signature]  
**DR. BRIGHT THOMAS DMRD, DNB (RD).**  
**CONSULTANT RADIOLOGIST**



**LOURDES HOSPITAL  
ERNAKULAM**

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*Dr. Suchetha*  
*Op. 9439*

**OP-Visit Record**

**Department of Nephrology**

**Dr.BINU UPENDRAN,MDDNB(MED) DMDNB(NEPHRO)**  
**Sr. Consultant and HOD Nephrology**  
**Mob 9946723829**

Patient No 0000912222  
Patient Name Dr. SUCHETHA  
Address Kavyanjali,Powathil Lane,Ayyappankavu

Visit Date : 29-Feb-2012  
F/62Years,11Months

**BP ( mm/Hg) : 130/ 90**

Follow Up No Edema  
Normal urin  
Complaints Noted recurrent dysuria for the past 6 months  
Present History Noted recurrent dyuria for the past 6 months  
Past History Bronchial asthma from 15th years of age  
on inhalational agents  
General Exam No Edema No Pallor  
Normal Lung Sounds  
Normal Heart Sounds  
Diagnosis Cystitis, unspecified(N30.9)

**Advice**

Urine C&S  
Urine RE  
Urea  
Creatinine

**Dr.BINU UPENDRAN,MDDNB(MED) DMDNB(NEPHRO)**  
**(Notes Prepared By)**



Name	DR.SUJATHA CHANDRAN	ID	IRS17794
Age & Gender	65Y/FEMALE	Visit Date	15/10/2013
Ref Doctor	DR. GEORGE P. ABRAHAM		

### **3.0 TESLA MRI Abdomen & Pelvis (Contrast) with Screening of Thorax, Brain and Spine**

( T1 & T2 axial and coronal T2 Fat Sat axial. Post contrast T1 FS axial, coronal and sag)

- ☐ The liver is of normal signal size and shape with smooth margins. No focal lesion seen. There is no evidence of any dilatation of intra hepatic biliary radicles. CBD is not dilated.
- ☐ Gall bladder shows normal wall thickness .
- ☐ Pancreas is of normal size and shape with homogenous signal pattern. There is no evidence of any focal lesion or ductal dilatation. Peri pancreatic fat appear normal.
- ☐ Spleen show normal size and signal intensity.
- ☐ Large 10.4 x 10.8 x 9.8 cm (AP, TA, CC) size heterogenous signal intensity mass lesion with predominant exophytic component noted arising from the interpolar and lower pole of right kidney. The lesion show cystic areas and haemorrhage within.
- ☐ The lesion show heterogenous enhancement on post contrast study with nonenhancing areas within. No major vessel encasement noted. Rest of renal parenchyma shows normal enhancement.
- ☐ The bowel loops are displaced antero-laterally by the lesions.
- ☐ The main renal artery and right renal vein appear normal. No renal venous thrombosis.
- ☐ IVC is mildly compressed and displaced medially by the mass lesion. No invasion or thrombosis noted.
- ☐ The fat plane between the lesion and right psoas muscle is preserved.
- ☐ The lesion does not cross the midline.
- ☐ Mild hydronephrosis of upper calyx noted with the right upper ureter compressed by the mass lesion medially.
- ☐ Gerota's fascia appear intact.
- ☐ Left kidney shows normal size and signal intensity. The pelvicalyceal system is not dilated. Visualized ureter shows no abnormal dilatation.
- ☐ Bilateral adrenal glands appears normal in size, shape and signal intensity.
- ☐ The retroperitoneal spaces shows no evident lymphadenopathy . Aorta shows normal calibre.
- ☐ There is no free fluid in the abdomen.
- ☐ Anteverted uterus with intramural fibroids.
- ☐ Visualized bowel loops show no evident mass. Urinary bladder shows normal wall and lumen.
- ☐ Visualised pelvic bones and femur appear normal.

#### **Screening Thorax**

- ☐ Visualised lung fields appear normal. No focal lesion noted.
- ☐ No mediastinal lymphadenopathy.

**Screening of brain** appear normal. No ICSOL / haemorrhage / acute infarcts.

#### **Screening of Spine**

- ☐ No focal lesion, suggestive of metastasis.

(.....2)

Name	DR.SUJATHA CHANDRAN	ID	IRS17794
Age & Gender	65Y/FEMALE	Visit Date	15/10/2013
Ref Doctor	DR. GEORGE P. ABRAHAM		

### IMPRESSION

- Malignant heterogenous enhancing mass lesion with necrosis involving the lower and interpolar region of right kidney with large exophytic component extending into perinephric and pararenal space, suggestive of renal cell carcinoma.
- No major arterial encasement noted.
- Right renal vein appear normal. No thrombosis.
- IVC is displaced and mildly compressed medially by the lesion. No evidence of invasion or thrombosis.
- No retroperitoneal lymphnode. Bilateral adrenal glands appear normal.  
- Stage T3a No Mo.
- Screening of thorax, spine and brain appear normal. No focal lesion, suggestive of metastases.
- Intramural fibroid in uterus.

Dr. Anil Kumar MD DNB    Dr. Amel Antony MD DNB MNAMS    Dr.Randall Varghese DMRD, DNB

*[Signature]*

Dr. Unnikrishnan. R MD    Dr. Reena M. M. D'Couto MD

Note: This report is a professional opinion and not the final diagnosis and it should be interpreted in the light of clinical background and other relevant investigations. Dimensions, vertebral levels, location of lesion, vascularity etc may be reconfirmed prior to surgery. Histopathological diagnosis if possible may also be obtained prior to surgery.



$$CH_3 - R - C \equiv C$$


Reports online : [www.medivision.in](http://www.medivision.in)

Pat. ID : 1013114486 Sample Coll. : 13/11/2013 19:04  
Reg. DATE : 13/11/2013 Sample Acc. : 13/11/2013 21:52  
IP/ OP No. : Report Auth. : 20/11/2013 09:14  
Report Status : FINAL

PARAMETER	OBSERVED VALUE	UNITS	REFERENCE RANGE
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Chromogranin A : **H 807.06** ng/ml < 100

Chromogranin A is a major soluble protein present in chromaffin cells of adrenal medulla, sympathetic neurons and various neuroendocrine organs. About 80% patients of pheochromocytoma show elevated levels of Chromogranin A. The major use of this test is in the post operative monitoring for recurrence of these tumors. It is a preferred marker in hind gut Carcinoid tumors which commonly are non-functional and have lost the ability to secrete serotonin, but retain the ability to secrete CgA.

Malignant causes - Carcinoid tumor, Pheochromocytoma, Medullary carcinoma thyroid, Small cell lung carcinoma & Epithelial cancers with neuroendocrine differentiation.

Non malignant causes - Renal impairment (creatinine clearance < 80 mg/mL/min), Liver disease, Inflammatory bowel disease, atrophic gastritis & stress.

\*\*\* END OF REPORT \*\*\*

426471

Riju Mathew M.Sc., (Med. Biochemistry)  
Laboratory Director & QM

NOTE : - \* L= Low

CENTRES AT: ALVA, KAPPUZHA, CALICUT, KALAMASSERY, KANNUR (CC), KAYAMKULAM, KODUNGALLUR, KOTTAYAM, KOZHENCHERY, MALAPPUZHAM, PARUR, PALAKKAD, PERUMBAVOOR, PUKKATTUPADI, TRIPUNITHURA, TRIVANDRUM, THRISSUR, THIRUVANANTHOPURAM, THIRUVANANTHOPURAM, WAYANAD (CC)

CITY CENTRES (EKM): CHAKKARAPARAMBU, CHULLICKAL BEHIND GOVT. HOSPITAL, KAKKANAD, KARIKKAMURY, KARUGA, KATTUVAZHAI, KAZHAKUTTIYUR,  
PALLURUTHY, PANAMPILLY NAGAR, THEVARA.



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## LABORATORY TEST REPORT

PATIENT'S NAME : Dr. SUCHETHA  
AGE : 64 Years / FEMALE  
REFERRED BY Dr : S. KRISHNAKUMAR  
Client Name : NA

Pat. ID : 101408591  
Reg. DATE : 27/01/2014  
IP/ OP No. :

Sample Coll. : 27/01/2014 17:11

Sample Acc. : 27/01/2014 20:22

Report Auth. : 28/01/2014 06:46

Report Status : FINAL

### Department Of Biochemistry

PARAMETER	OBSERVED VALUE	UNITS	REFERENCE RANGE
Technique used: CLIA			
** Serum CA 125 (Ovarian Cancer Marker)	5.80	U/ml	Upto 35
Technique used: CLIA			
** Serum CA 15.3 (Breast Cancer Marker)	4.70	U/ml	Upto 35
Technique used: ELFA			
** Serum Carcino Embryonic Antigen :	2.21	ng/ml	0 - 3.0
Technique used: CLIA			
** Serum Beta 2 Microglobulin	: H 2.83	mg/l	0.81 - 2.19
Technique used: ELFA			

\*\*\* END OF REPORT \*\*\*

NABL Accredited



Riju Mathew M.Sc., Med. Biochemistry,  
Chief Biochemist & QM

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NOTE : - \* Low & High, \*\* The tests marked with \*\* are not accredited by NABL.

DILISH : 30/01/2014 07:12:57PM



Op. 9439  
Ca. Kidney



Sreekandath Road (EAST), Ravipuram, Kochi - 16  
Phone : 0484 4112000, 2357044, 2358066

SIN: U85195 KL 1990 PTC 005887. PAN No.: AABCM 6449H

## LABORATORY TEST REPORT

Reports online : [www.medivision.in](http://www.medivision.in)

PATIENT'S NAME : Dr. SUCHETHA Pat. ID : 101472576 Sample Coll. : 13/10/2014 11:44  
AGE : 63 Years / FEMALE Reg. DATE : 13/10/2014 Sample Acc. : 13/10/2014 13:08  
REFERRED BY Dr : S. KRISHNAKUMAR IP/ OP No. : Report Auth. : 13/10/2014 16:36  
Client Name : NA Report Status : FINAL

### Department Of Biochemistry

PARAMETER	OBSERVED VALUE	UNITS	REFERENCE RANGE
* Serum Beta 2 Microglobulin	: H 2.50	mg/l	0.81 - 2.19

Technique used: ELFA

\*\*\* END OF REPORT \*\*\*

  
Riju Mathew M.Sc., Med. Biochemistry,  
Chief Biochemist & QM

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NOTE : - L= Low , H= High, \*\* The tests marked with \* are not accredited by NABL.

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Dr. Suchetha  
op. 9439



Sreekandath Road (EAST), Ravipuram, Kochi - 16  
Phone : 0484 4112000, 2357044, 2358066



LABORATORY TEST REPORT

Reports online : [www.medivision.in](http://www.medivision.in)

PATIENT'S NAME : Dr. SUCHETHA Pat. ID : 101420164 Sample Coll. : 06/03/2014 15:56  
AGE : 64 Years / FEMALE Reg. DATE : 06/03/2014 Sample Acc. : 06/03/2014 21:02  
REFERRED BY Dr : S. KRISHNAKUMAR IP/ OP No. : Report Auth. : 14/03/2014 20:47  
Client Name : NA Report Status : FINAL

Department Of Biochemistry

PARAMETER	OBSERVED VALUE	UNITS	REFERENCE RANGE
** Chromogranin A	: 2.80	ng/ml	1.9 - 15.0

Comments

Chromogranin A is a major soluble protein present in chromaffin cells of adrenal medulla, sympathetic neurons and various neuroendocrine organs. About 80% patients of pheochromocytoma show elevated levels of Chromogranin A. The major use of this test is in the post operative monitoring for recurrence of these tumors. It is a preferred marker in hind gut Carcinoid tumors which commonly are non-functional and have lost the ability to secrete serotonin, but retain the ability to secrete CgA.

Increased Levels

Malignant causes - Carcinoid tumor, Pheochromocytoma, Medullary carcinoma thyroid, Small cell lung carcinoma & Epithelial cancers with neuroendocrine differentiation  
Non malignant causes - Renal impairment (creatinine clearance < 80 mg/mL/min), Liver disease, Inflammatory bowel disease, atrophic gastritis & stress.

\*\*\* END OF REPORT \*\*\*

NABL Accredited



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